MOBILE DEVICES SECURITY GUIDEBOOK







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Tablets and smartphones are everyday more present in peoples' lives. In contrast with personal computers, these mobile devices have less processing power, less memory capacity and different user-interaction interfaces. We must also adopt alternative strategies in these devices to protect the user against security threats.

CAIS/RNP wrote this guide to help you with mobile devices, providing simple and effective tips for operating them more securely.

These tips may be used on many operating systems such as iOS (Apple iPhone 3GS and above, iPad) or Android variants.

SECTION 1 IN THE CORPORATE ENVIRONMENT



Blackberry is the platform with the best security resources for corporations.

- For many years RIM (device manufacturer) has been offering solutions for device remote management via the BlackBerry Enterprise Server, known as BES. The system admin may, among other things, use this service to force strong passwords, block Wi-Fi connections, and prohibit installation of apps from social networks.
- Encryption support in BlackBerry is widely recognized as the best, from secure data transfer to secure storage, all this already available in the device with no extra installation requirements.

Google Android and Apple also provide features for remote administration of corporate devices.

- iOS Security Mobile Device Management (MDM)
 http://images.apple.com/ipad/business/docs/iOS_
 Security_May12.pdf
- Device Policy Administration for Android http://support.google.com/a/bin/answer.py?hl=en& answer=1056433

SECTION 2 TIPS POR ONLINE SHOPPING



Prefer the mainstream smartphone operating systems. Currently, main options are Google Android, Apple iPhone, and recently Windows Phone.

Historically, there have been more security incidents with malicious apps in Google Android than in Apple iPhone / iPad – the market dominant systems. Although this favors Apple devices, beware that no system is free of security threats.

If possible, contract manufacturer/reseller insurance or extended warranty. These are some of the options available in Brazil:

- http://www.pitzi.com.br
- http://www.portoseguro.com.br/seguros/seguro-paraequipamentos-portateis
- Avoid giving personal / financial data to websites without SSL / TLS (secure protocol). This tip is especially important when you use Wi-Fi connections (802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n). To check if a website provides a secure connection look for the image of a lock in the browser's status bar. Alternatively, check if the web address begins with https://. The "s" at the end of "http" means that the server is using the SSL / TLS protocol.

If possible, avoid using any application that handles personal data on open Wi-Fi networks - those networks do not request passwords for connection and are usually available at airports and coffee shops. Some examples of applications you should avoid with this type of connection are bank and online shopping apps.

ARE YOU AWARE?



• It is possible to request a two-step authentication to your Gmail account. For this, set the 2-step verification option in your google account at:

https://accounts.google.com/b/0/SmsAuthConfig

- Google also offers the app "Google Authenticator".
 However, we suggest using the SMS security
 verification because it works even when the device's
 battery is discharged.
- We recommend you register a secondary mobile phone number (option "backup phones") in case your primary mobile phone cannot receive SMS for some reason.
- We recommend you keep a printed copy of the "backup codes". These are emergency passwords Google works with if you do not have access to the phones registered to receive the security SMS.

SECTION 3 IN CASE OF THEFT OF YOUR SMARTPHONE OR TABLET



First of all, understand that your major priority is to safeguard your personal information.

There are minimal chances of recovering your lost or stolen device in Brazil, so prepare yourself to lose it without major impacts on your personal / professional life.

iPhone and iPad devices have a feature that locates the lost / stolen device. You also have the option to block the device, erase all data or just send a message (with great emphasis) to the phone. Refer to the item 2.2 (Search iPhone) for more information.

Android devices provide several ways to locate and perform actions on your lost or stolen device. One choice is Android Lost (http://www.androidlost.com).

You may prohibit your lost or stolen smartphone to access social networks. You can do it remotely. Some examples:

- Twitter: https://twitter.com/settings/applications
- Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/settings?tab=applications
- Gmail: https://accounts.google.com/b/0/IssuedAuthSubTokens

SECTION 4 PREVENT ACCIDENTS



SYNCHRONIZATION. Synchronize your smartphone or tablet contacts and calendar data. This way you will not lose contact info in case of loss, theft or damage. The major Webmail services (e.g. Gmail) support synchronization features easily.

BACKUP! All systems offer the option of full device backup. This is usually done automatically (iPhone, BlackBerry) as you connect the device to your personal computer to sync multimedia, contacts and apps.

VPN. Smartphones have the option to connect via 3G, which is more secure against spoofing than using an open Wi-Fi network. However, we also recommend VPN connections, which create secure channels of communication, even when the network used to access the Internet is not secure. For more information, please refer to section 5 (Laptops).

ANTIVIRUS. Install or not? The incidence of virus in smartphones is not alarming yet, but significant enough - particularly on Google Android - that people are starting to treat viruses in smartphones as they do in personal computers.

- Security solutions do not only deal with viruses.
- Some functionalities are redundant (e. g. location, blocking / deleting data remotely).

- Follow some product recommendations. We'll point to single solution to avoid bias::
 - F-Secure Mobile Security
 http://www.f-secure.com/pt/web/operators_global/security-services/protection-for-mobile/overview
 - Kaspersky Mobile Security
 http://brazil.kaspersky.com/produtos/produtos-para-usuarios-domesticos/mobile-security
 - McAfee Mobile Security http://home.mcafee.com/store/mobile-security
 - Trend Micro Mobile Security
 http://br.trendmicro.com/br/products/enterprise/mobile-security/

INSTALL APPS ONLY FROM OFFICIAL RELEASE SOURCES



iPhone and iPad allow you to install apps from alternative sources only if your device is jailbreak. Otherwise, you are prevented from accessing unofficial sources, therefore guaranteeing app authenticity.

Official release sources for each platform:

- Android: Google Play
- iPhone / iPad: Apple iTunes App Store
- BlackBerry: BlackBerry App World



iOS is the operating system of several Apple devices: iPhone (3GS and newer), iPad (all versions) and Apple TV. The version considered in the following tips is iOS 5.1.1, released in May 2012.

All tips below refer to the Settings app, available in all iOS devices.

We consider only non-jailbreak devices, i.e. iPhone or iPad devices with the original iOS operating system from Apple. To check if your device is unlocked (if it is jailbreak) look for the Cydia app - if this app is present, then your device has been unlocked.

1. General

1.1 Software updates

 Choose the option "Software Update" and search for new iOS updates. WARNING: If you have a jailbreak device the update process will restore the original SW restrictions in your device.

1.2 Automatic lock

 We recommend setting the auto-lock option to "2 minutes" - a good choice for both usability and security.

1.3 Passcode lock

With this option, several lock features can be defined:

- Simple passcode: check this option for simpler passcodes, best suited for iPhone.
- With this option checked, the passcodes will be 4-digit numbers. For more complex passcodes, disable the option "Simple Passcode". We recommend this setting for corporate iPads and iPhones.
- Select "Delete Data" to strengthen the protection of information in your device. This option is useful in case your device is lost or stolen. If a person enters the wrong passcode 10 times, the data in your device will be fully erased automatically.

2. ICLOUD



iCloud is a cloud computing and storage service whose operations started in October 2011. Basically, this is a feature Apple offers to synchronize all iOS devices (Apple TV, iPhone 3GS and the newer iPad) and personal computers (Mac OS X starting on version Lion).

iCloud features include calendar syncs, contacts syncs, full device backup, browser bookmarks sync. **More information at:** http://www.apple.com/br/icloud/.

2.1 Documents and data

 This option is useful as backup of stored documents and apps installed in your device.

2.2 Search iPhone

- This feature allows you to search for an iPhone, iPad or Macbook (with Mac OS X Lion version or higher).
- Assume that recovering the device in case of theft is not always feasible. However, losing data and allowing a stranger to access your information is even worst.
- This feature allows you to remotely erase all data on the device. This is done from the following website:

https://www.icloud.com/

- CAUTION: If the credentials (Apple ID) are stolen, you can not only locate the device as completely erase all data from the icloud.com website. Choos complex passcodes for your Apple ID, and "security questions" that cannot be answered easily.
- In order to change your Apple ID passcode, log in to the website below and choose the option "Password and security":

https://appleid.apple.com/

 Change the passcode by selecting "Change Password" (section "Choose a new password").
 We recommend you choose your own security question.

2.3 Storage and backup

 Use this feature to back up your device data in the cloud. This feature replaces the backup process running when Apple iTunes opens, after USB port connection.

3. Phone

- Set a passcode for the SIM card.
- Every time the phone boots or the chip is inserted in the SIM slot, a passcode will be requested.
- Choose the option "SIM PIN". Set a new PIN code by first checking the standard PIN code given by the carrier who provided the SIM card. For example, the standard PIN code for VIVO-BR is 8486 and 1010 for TIM-BR.